

Optimizing the Design of Driven Pile Foundations with Instrumented Static Load Tests

June 16, 2017

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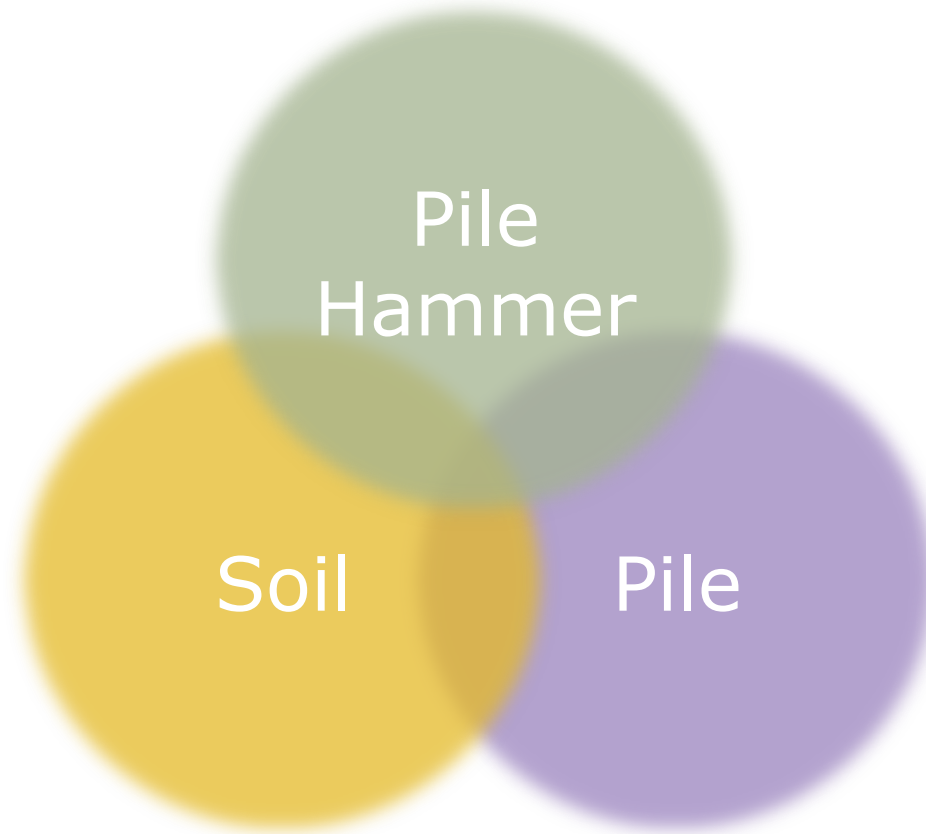
MOT-75-12.00

Dayton, Ohio

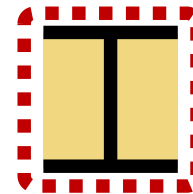
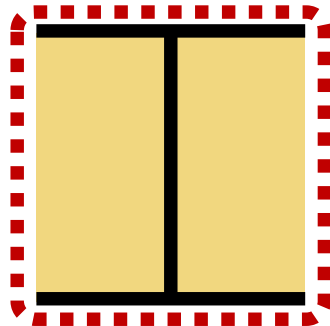
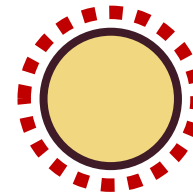
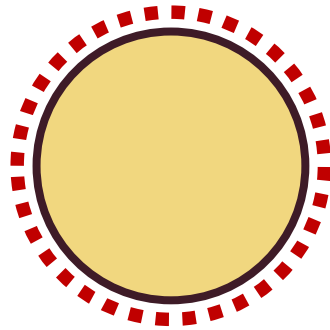


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Pile foundation system



Geotechnical resistance



Drivability

- ❖ Pile hammer
 - ❖ Type and size
- ❖ Pile cross-section and material
 - ❖ Impedance
- ❖ Soil properties
 - ❖ Resistance, damping, and quake

Specified minimum Pile wall thickness

Ohio DOT C&MS 507.06

$$t \text{ (in inches)} = \frac{R \text{ (in lb)}}{900,000}$$

Based on 12-inch diameter pipe pile
Conservative for larger piles

Cost components



- ❖ Steel
- ❖ Concrete
- ❖ Pile points
- ❖ Crew time to unload the piles
- ❖ Crew time and cost to drive the pile
- ❖ Time and material for splices
- ❖ Crew time to fill with concrete

Process

1

- Geotechnical resistance with depth

2

- Maximum UBV for pile and hammer

3

- Estimated length for max. UBV

4

- Driving time

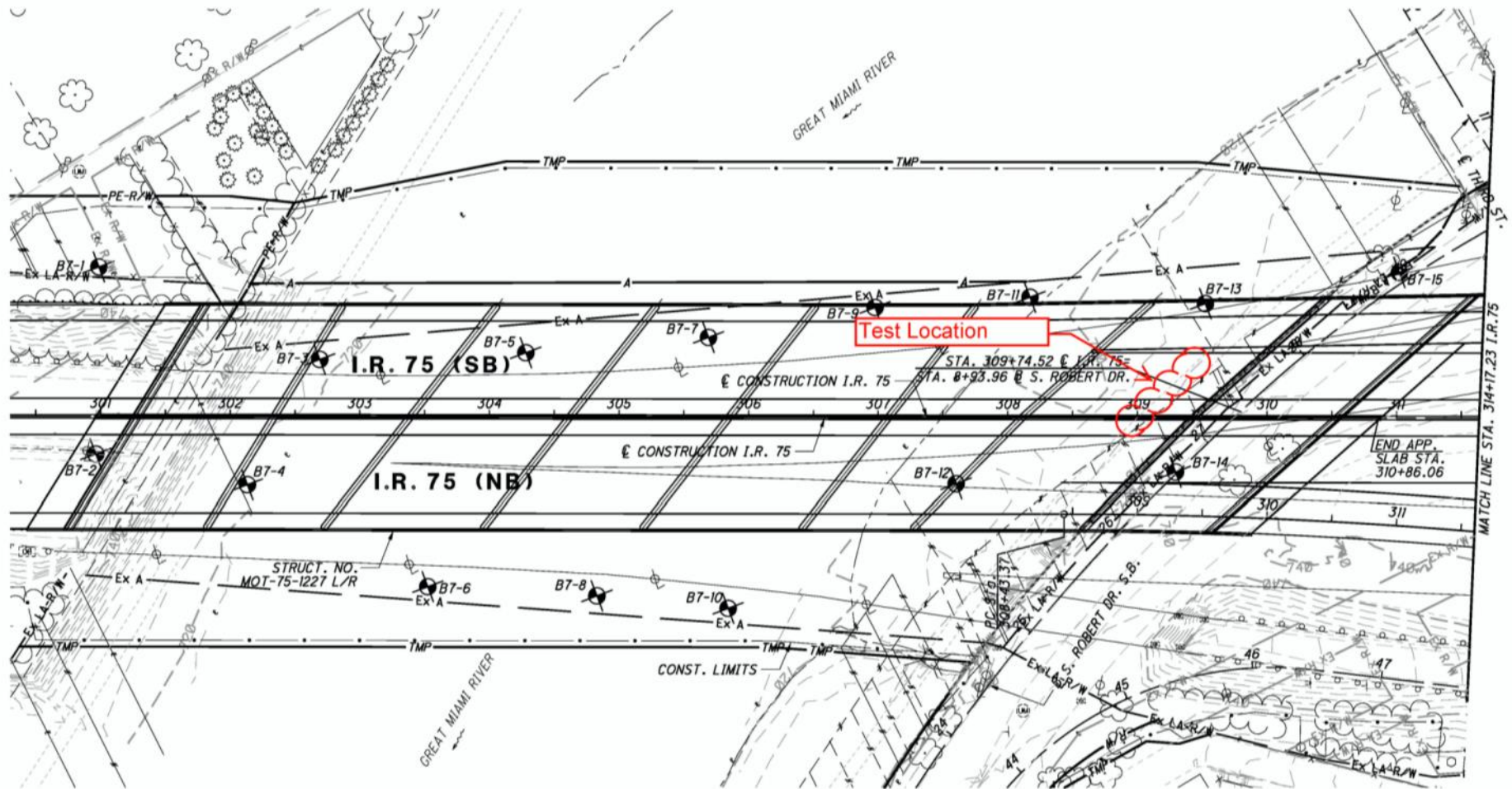
5

- Costs for materials, labor, and equipment

6

- Cost per ton





BORING PLAN

Pipe pile material is ASTM A252, Grade 3, Fy=45 ksi

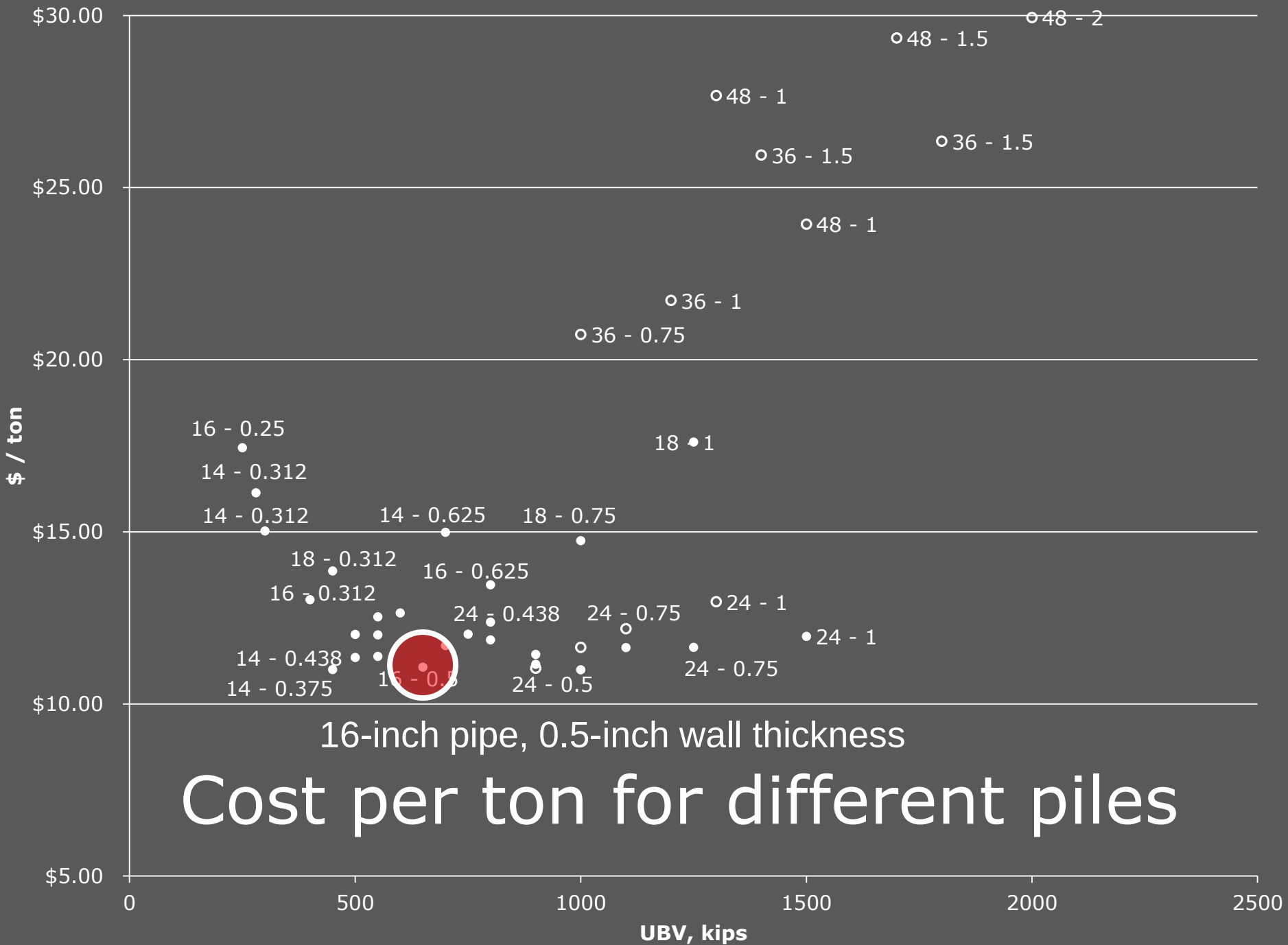
Driving stresses limited to 0.85 Fy = 38.25 ksi

Total service load on pier (approximate) 13,125 tons

Based on Boring B7-8

(Lowest 3 in cost are in bold text)

Pile dia. (inch)	Wall thickness (inch)	Min. wall thickness -3% (inch)	Closed or Open End	UBV (kips)	Hammer Model	Hammer Energy (kip-ft)	Est. Length (feet)	Order Length (feet)	Time to drive (min.)	\$ / pile (mat'l)	\$ / pile (labor)	No. of piles / pier	Total cost \$	\$ / ton
14	0.250	0.243	Closed	200	D 19-32	47	45	50	10	\$ 1,227	\$ 534	264	\$ 464,870	\$ 17.61
14	0.312	0.303	Closed	280	D 19-32	47	50	55	10	\$ 1,636	\$ 542	188	\$ 409,566	\$ 15.56
14	0.312	0.303	Closed	300	D 19-32	47	50	55	10	\$ 1,636	\$ 542	176	\$ 383,412	\$ 14.52
14	0.375	0.364	Closed	450	D 19-32	47	50	55	10	\$ 1,876	\$ 545	118	\$ 285,636	\$ 10.76
14	0.438	0.425	Closed	500	D 25-32	62	50	55	10	\$ 2,123	\$ 657	106	\$ 294,727	\$ 11.12
14	0.500	0.485	Closed	550	D 36-42	89	50	55	5	\$ 2,412	\$ 682	96	\$ 296,970	\$ 11.25
14	0.625	0.606	Closed	700	D 36-42	89	80	85	50	\$ 4,273	\$ 897	76	\$ 392,972	\$ 14.77
16	0.250	0.243	Closed	250	D 19-32	47	45	50	15	\$ 1,549	\$ 544	210	\$ 439,611	\$ 16.75
16	0.312	0.303	Closed	400	D 19-32	47	50	55	15	\$ 1,987	\$ 554	132	\$ 335,361	\$ 12.70
16	0.375	0.364	Closed	500	D 25-32	62	50	55	15	\$ 2,276	\$ 669	106	\$ 312,084	\$ 11.78
16	0.438	0.425	Closed	550	D 25-32	62	50	55	15	\$ 2,570	\$ 673	96	\$ 311,275	\$ 11.79
16	0.500	0.485	Closed	650	D 36-42	89	50	55	10	\$ 2,845	\$ 698	82	\$ 290,489	\$ 10.90
16	0.625	0.606	Closed	800	D 36-42	89	70	75	25	\$ 4,549	\$ 743	66	\$ 349,228	\$ 13.23
18	0.312	0.303	Closed	450	D 25-32	62	50	55	15	\$ 2,337	\$ 679	118	\$ 355,874	\$ 13.40
18	0.375	0.364	Closed	550	D 25-32	62	50	55	15	\$ 2,667	\$ 685	96	\$ 321,828	\$ 12.19
18	0.438	0.425	Closed	600	D 36-42	89	50	55	10	\$ 2,989	\$ 709	88	\$ 325,413	\$ 12.33
18	0.500	0.485	Closed	700	D 36-42	89	50	55	10	\$ 3,292	\$ 715	76	\$ 304,510	\$ 11.45
18	0.625	0.606	Closed	800	D 36-42	89	50	55	10	\$ 3,930	\$ 726	66	\$ 307,282	\$ 11.64
18	0.625	0.606	Closed	900	D 46-32	114	55	60	15	\$ 4,252	\$ 811	60	\$ 303,792	\$ 11.25
18	0.750	0.728	Closed	1000	D 46-32	114	75	80	30	\$ 6,383	\$ 878	54	\$ 392,087	\$ 14.52
18	1.000	0.970	Closed	1250	D 62-42	153	90	95	90	\$ 9,425	\$ 1,450	42	\$ 456,741	\$ 17.40
24	0.375	0.364	Closed	750	D 36-42	89	50	55	15	\$ 3,657	\$ 762	70	\$ 309,308	\$ 11.78
24	0.438	0.425	Closed	800	D 36-42	89	50	55	15	\$ 4,088	\$ 769	66	\$ 320,581	\$ 12.14
24	0.438	0.425	Closed	900	D 46-32	114	50	55	10	\$ 4,088	\$ 847	60	\$ 296,109	\$ 10.97
24	0.500	0.485	Closed	1000	D 62-42	153	50	55	10	\$ 4,528	\$ 885	54	\$ 292,321	\$ 10.83
24	0.625	0.606	Closed	1100	D 80-42	198	50	55	5	\$ 5,364	\$ 951	48	\$ 303,126	\$ 11.48



APE D36-26

89.3 ft-kips Ram 7.94 kips



Piles and points



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Dynamic load testing (PDA)



03/27/2013



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Static load tests



04/04/2013

Strain Gages



03/27/2013



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Instrumented pile



Instruments at pile top

South side of test pile



North side of test pile



Telltales



Data Acquisition System



Survey level





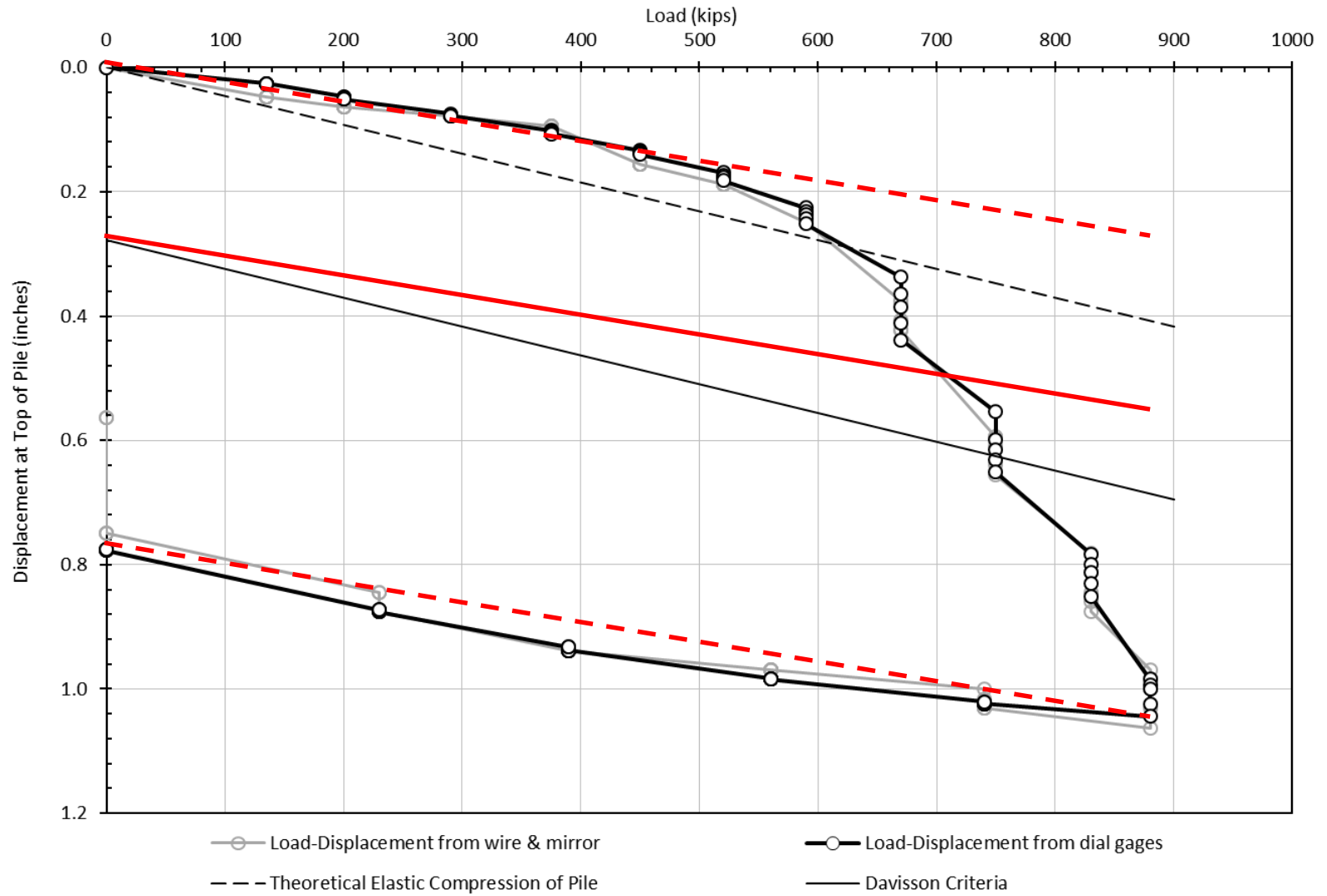
Load test results - 1227 Pier 5

	Total Load kips		Side Resistance	Tip Resistance
			R_s , kips	R_p , kips
EOD CAPWAP 3/27/13	638		189	449
BOR CAPWAP 3/27/13 4 hours	646		190	456
BOR CAPWAP 3/29/13	575		298	277
Static Load Test 4/4/13	670	[1]	604	66
	750	[2]	619	131
	830		626	204
	880		604	276
BOR CAPWAP 4/8/13 4 days after SLT	690		355	335

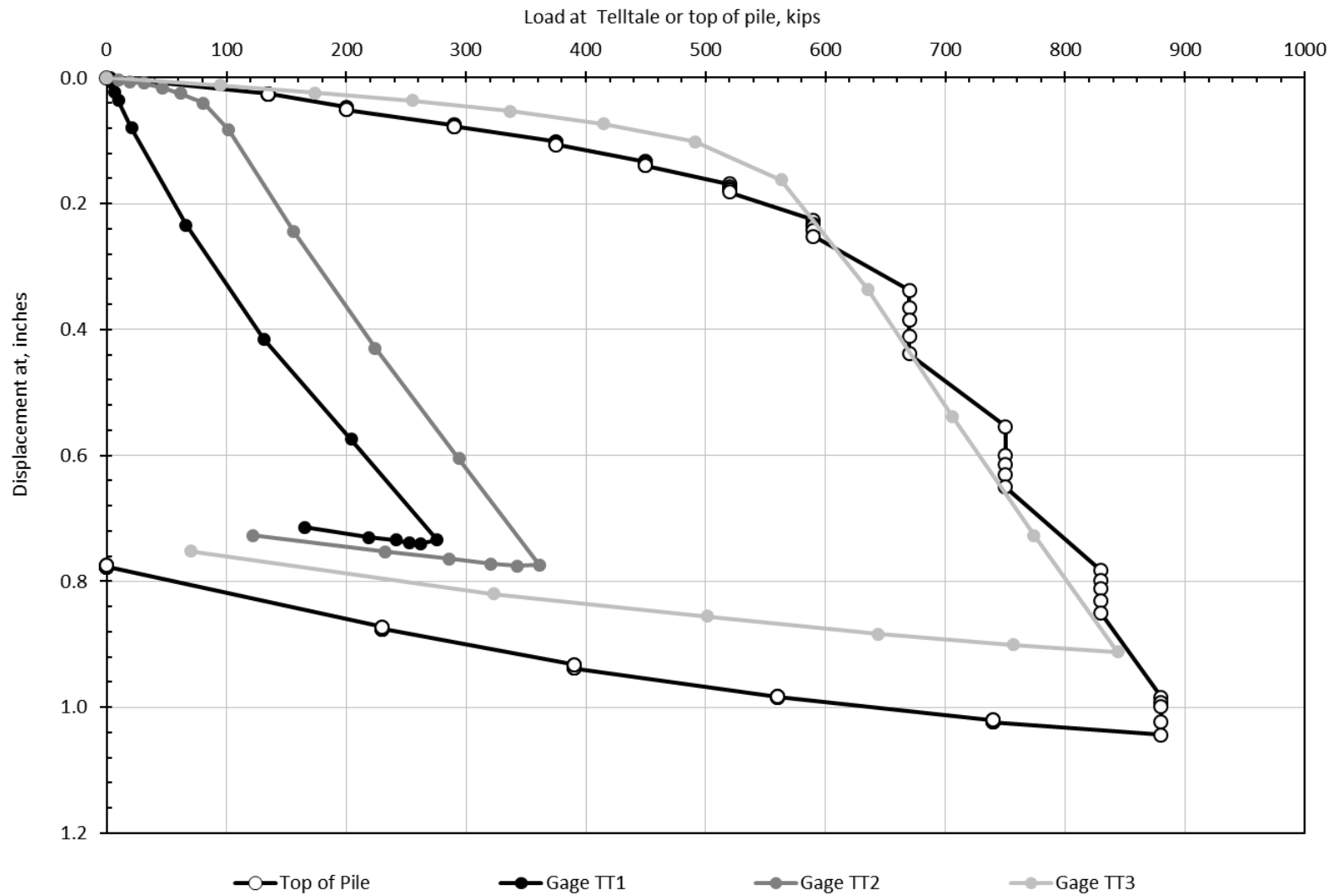
[1] Ultimate capacity determined from alternate method of applying Davisson criteria.

[2] Ultimate capacity determined from Davisson criteria.

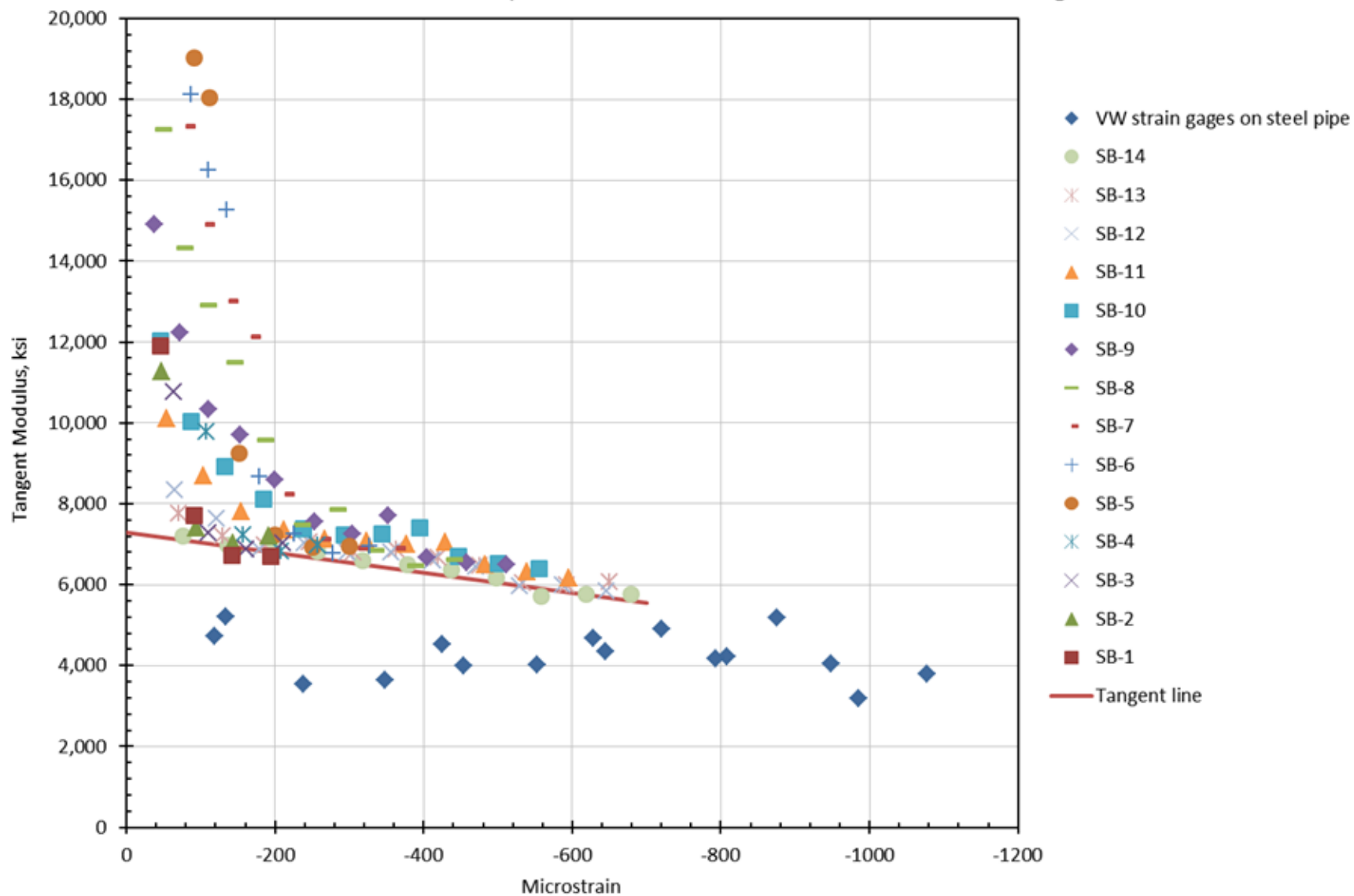
MOT-75-1227: SLT Pile - Load Displacement Curve



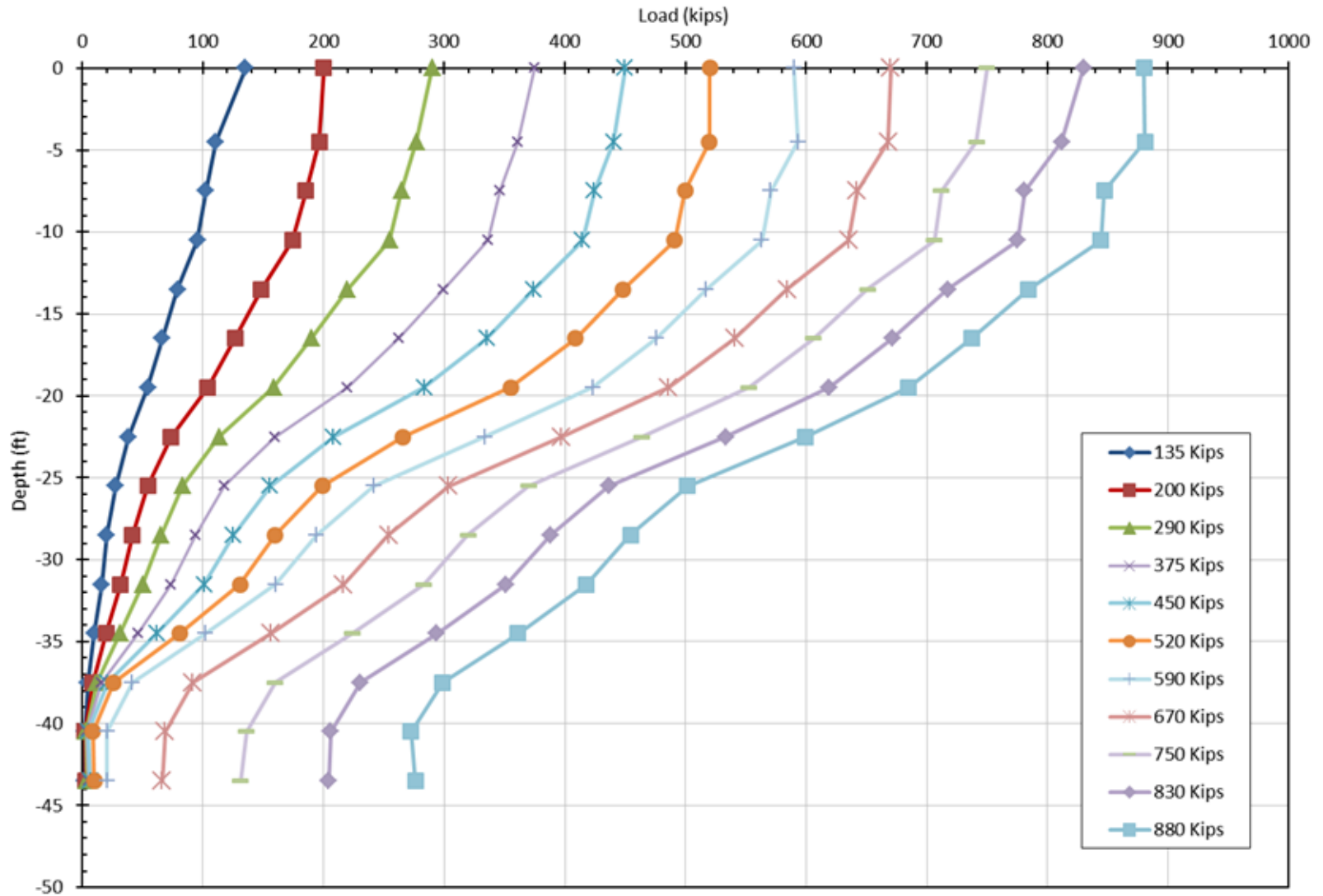
MOT-75-1227: SLT Pile - Load Displacement Curves - Telltales



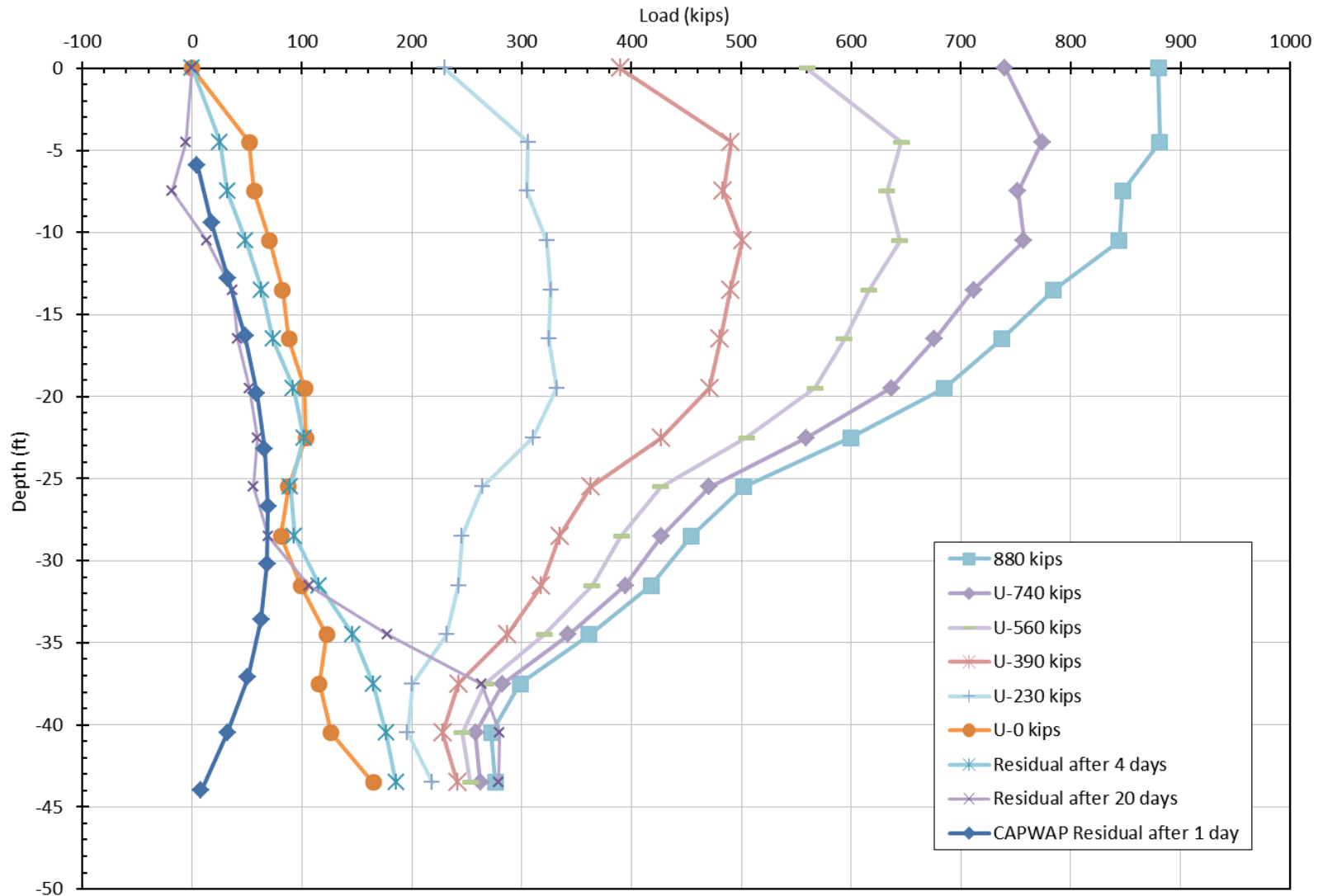
MOT-75-1227: SLT Pile - Tangent Modulus versus Strain
to Determine Strain Dependent Modulus of Concrete for Sisterbar Strain Gages



MOT-75-1227: SLT Pile - Load Transfer Curves



MOT-75-1227: SLT Pile - Load Transfer Curves - Unloading and Residual



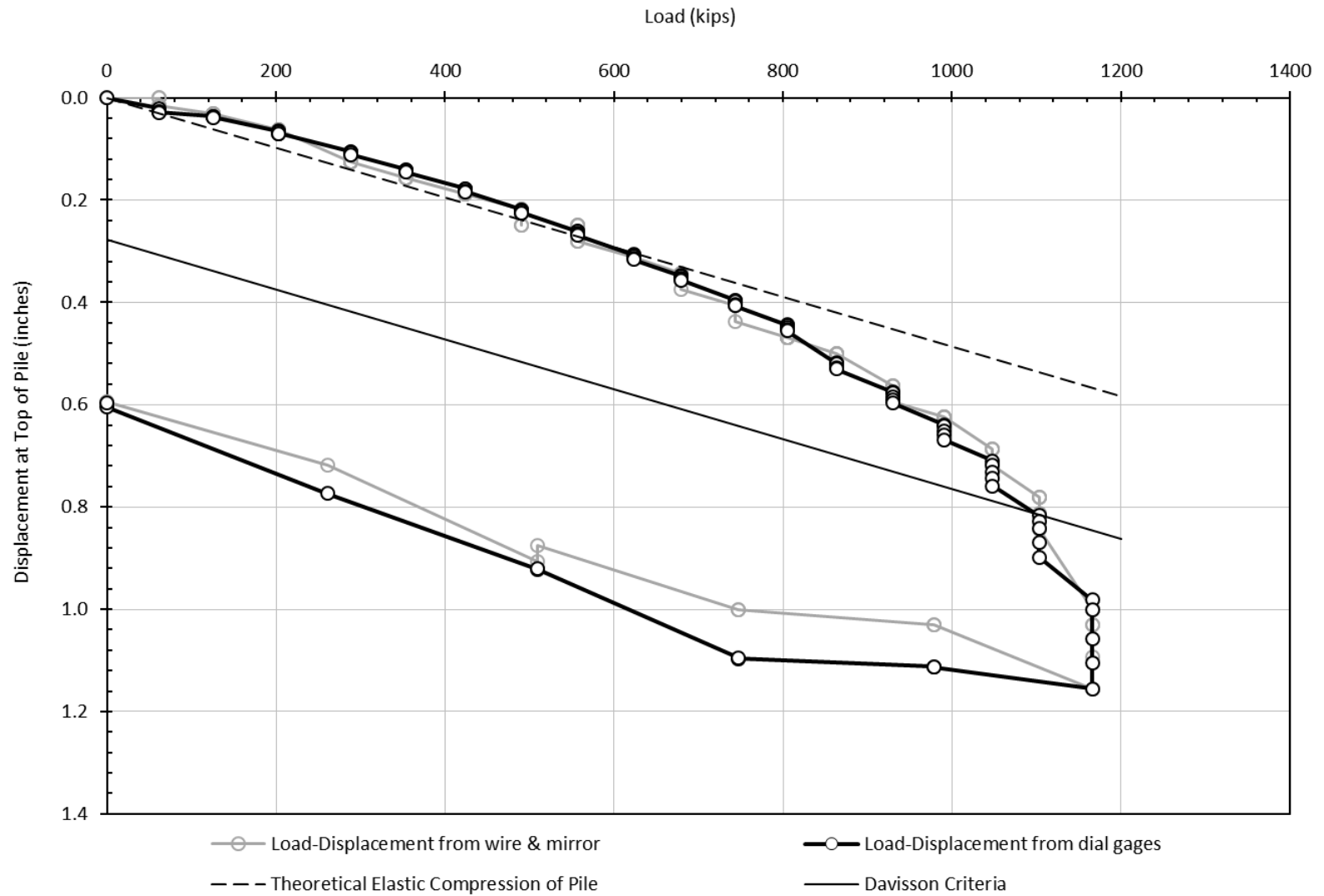


Load test results - 1282 Pier 8

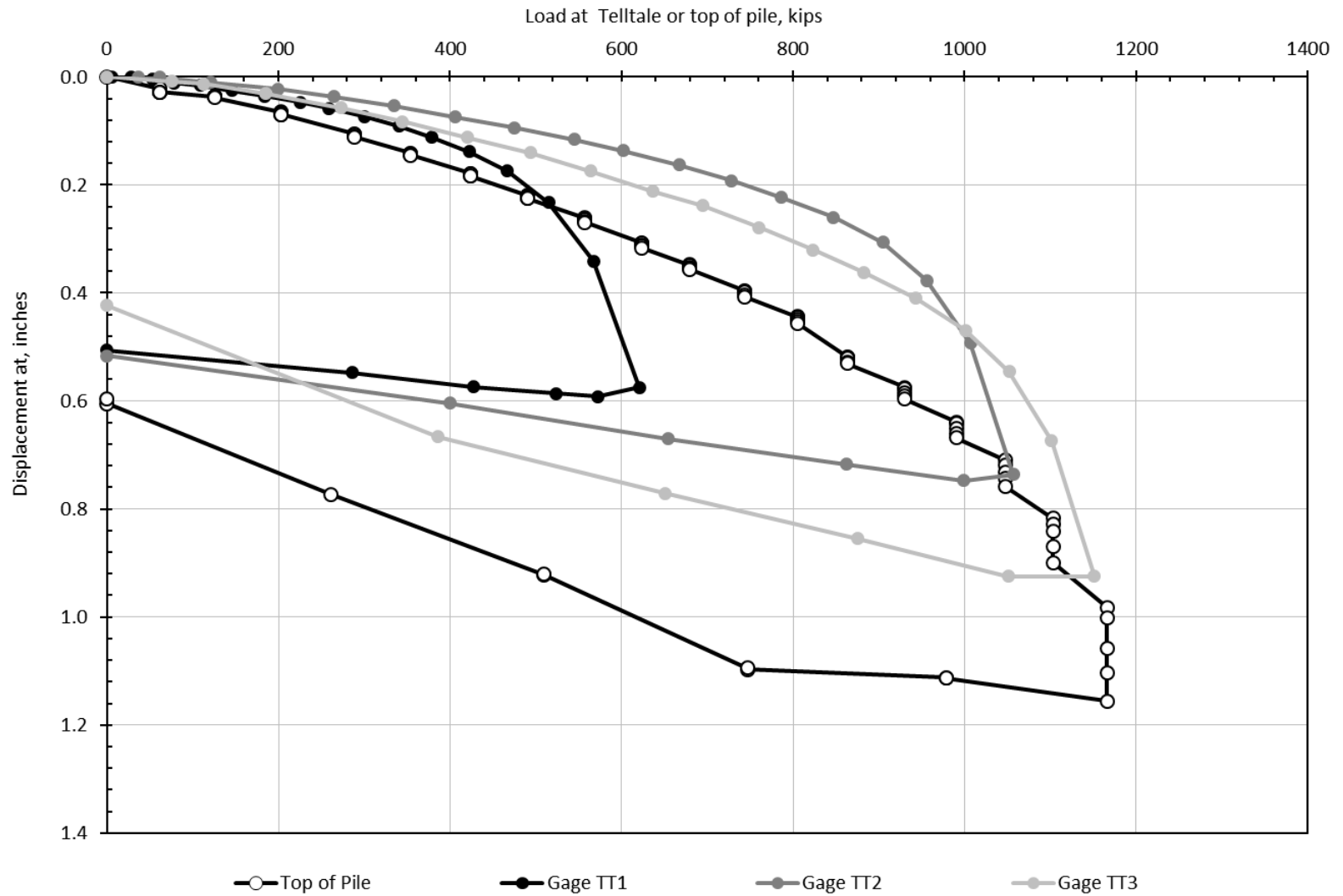
	Total Load kips		Side Resistance	Tip Resistance
			R_s , kips	R_p , kips
EOD CAPWAP 4/2/13	760		116	644
BOR CAPWAP 4/3/13	750		154	596
BOR CAPWAP 4/4/13	870		278	592
Static Load Test 4/10/13	1103	[1]	536	567
	1166		546	620
BOR CAPWAP 4/30/13 20 days after SLT	865		312	553

[1] Ultimate capacity determined from Davisson criteria.

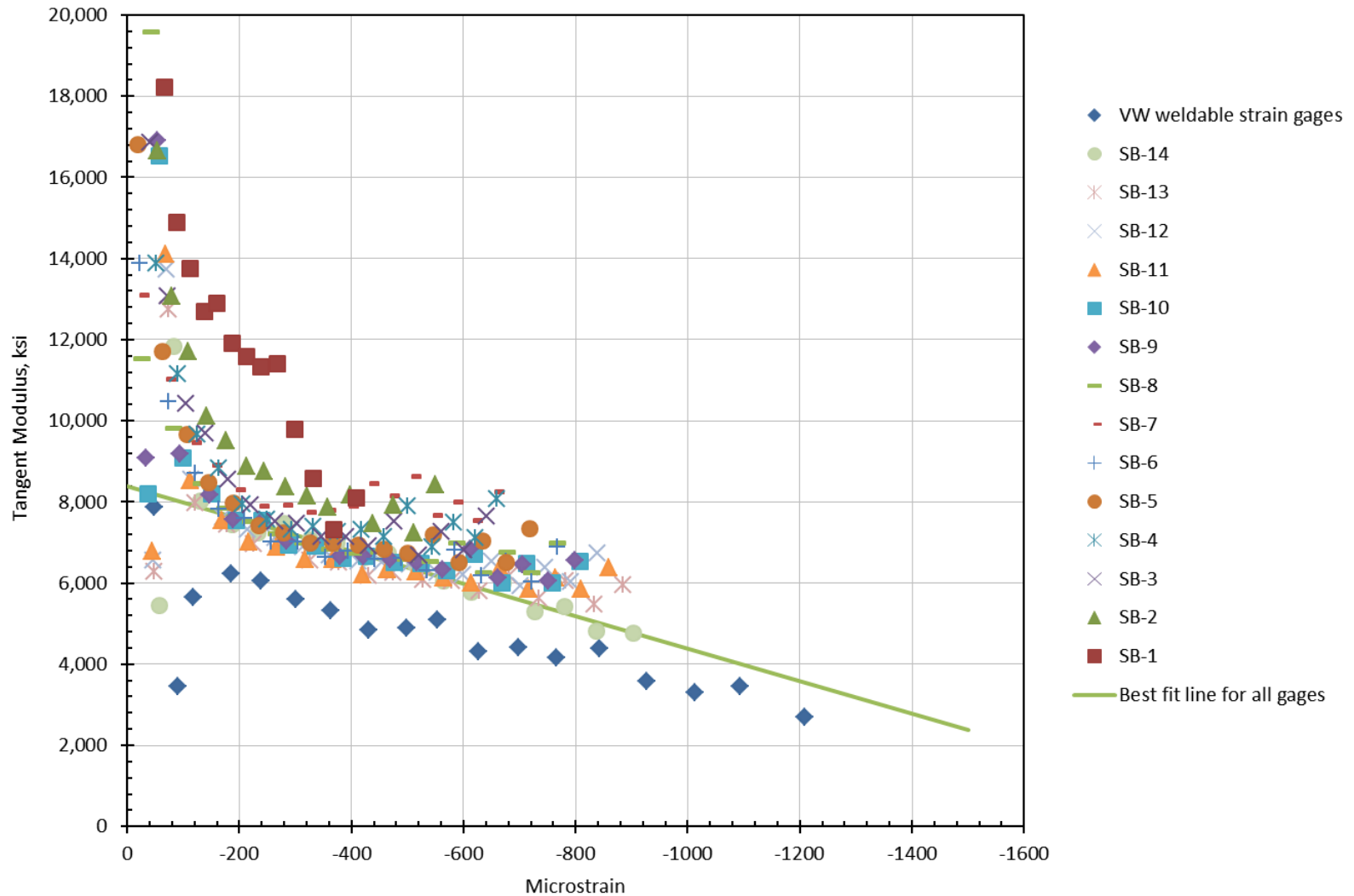
MOT-75-1282: SLT Pile - Load Displacement Curve



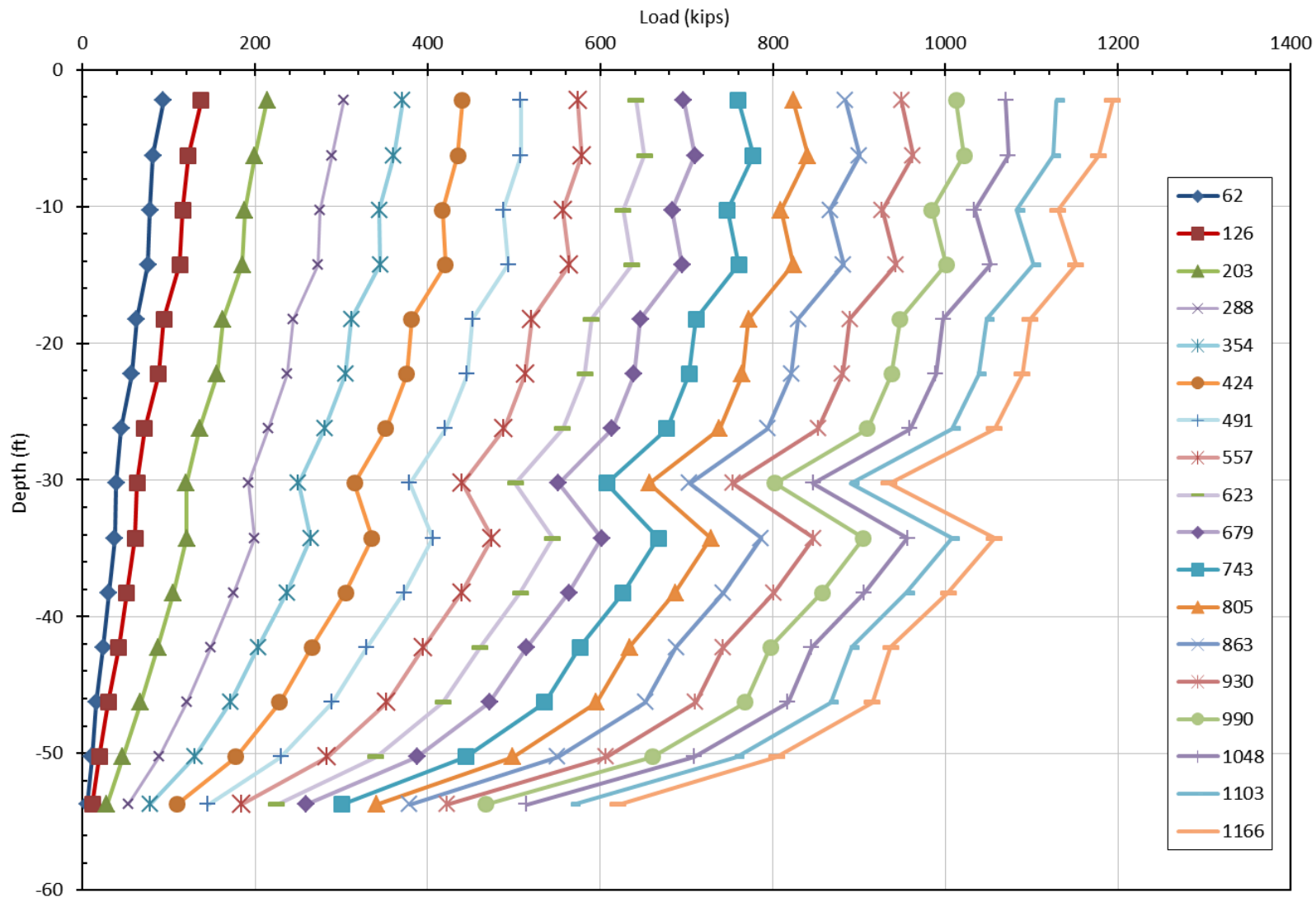
MOT-75-1282: SLT Pile - Load Displacement Curves - Telltales



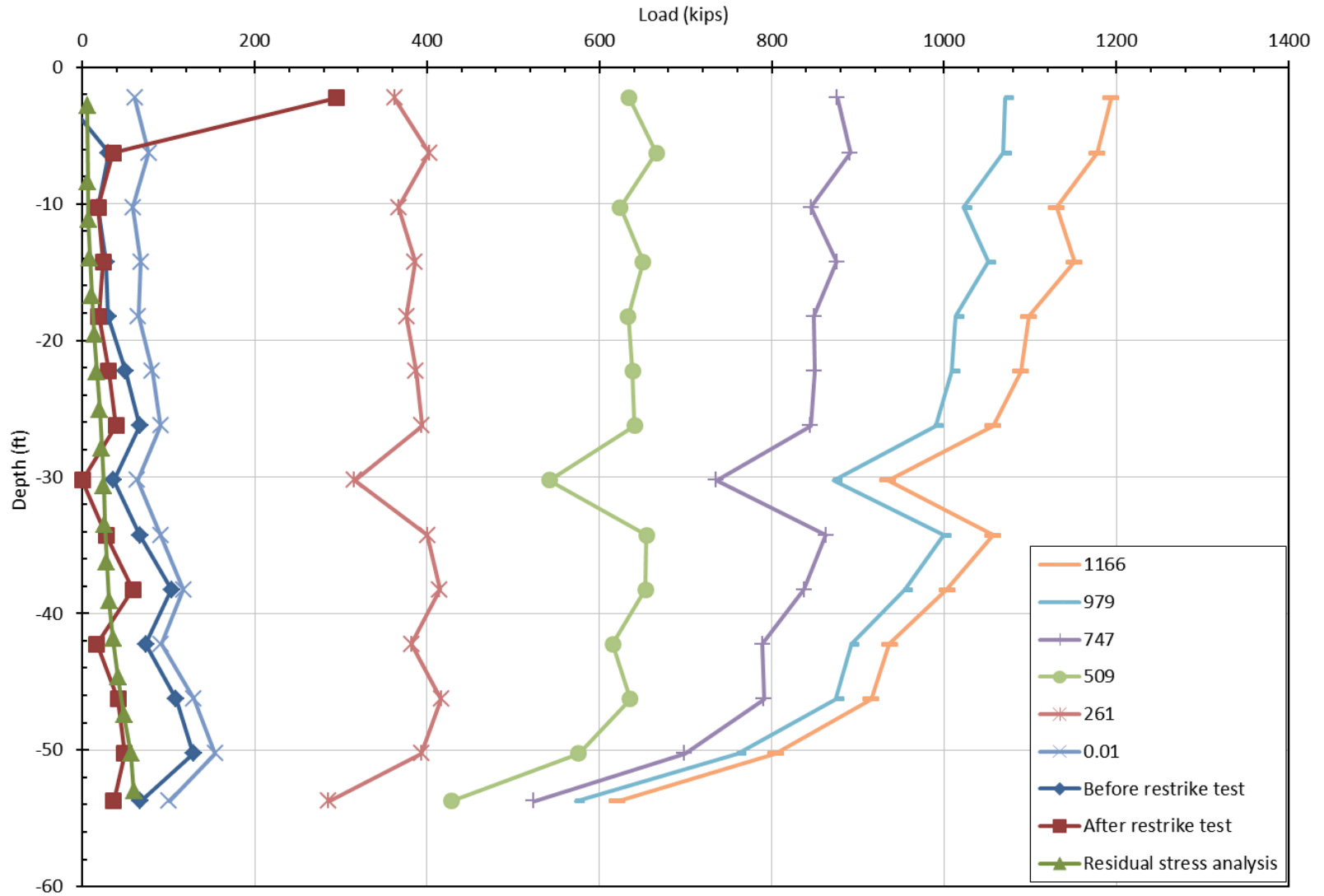
MOT-75-1282: SLT Pile - Tangent Modulus versus Strain
to Determine Strain Dependent Modulus of Concrete-filled Pile for Sisterbar Strain Gages



MOT-75-1282: SLT Pile - Load Transfer Curves



MOT-75-1282: SLT Pile - Load Transfer Curves, Unloading











Thank you Questions?



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